

## **REPORT**

### **on the work of the Dissertation Council**

Dissertation Council in the direction 8D023 – Languages and Literature, training of teachers in humanitarian subjects (6D021300/8D02314 – “Linguistics”) at the Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University.

#### **1. Data on the number of meetings held**

In the reporting year 10 meetings were held (from 01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023) in the direction 8D023 - Languages and Literature, training of teachers in humanitarian subjects (6D021300/8D02314 - “Linguistics”) in the Dissertation Council at the Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University

#### **2. Last names, first names, and patronymics (if any) of members of the Dissertation Council who attended less than half of the meetings.**

There are no council members who attended less than half of the meetings.

#### **3. List of doctoral students indicating the organization of training.**

1. *Shokhaeva Karlygash Nurlanovna*, Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University.

2. *Ismailova Fariza Kenzhegalikyzy*, Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University.

3. *Kotlyarova Irina Vasilievna*, Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University.

4. *Baysydyk Indira Bolatbekkyzy*, Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University.

5. *Koilybaeva Raushan Kuanyshovna*, Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University.

#### **4. A brief analysis of dissertations reviewed by the dissertation council during the reporting year, highlighting the following sections:**

According to the dissertation of *Shokhaeva Karlygash Nurlanovna*:

1) *analysis of the topics of the considered works;*

*Dissertation topic* – “Pragmatics of speech style in business communication”

*Specialty:* 6D021300 – “Linguistics”

*Scientific advisors:* – N.A.Ilyasova – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Associate Professor, Zeki Kaymaz – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Professor.

*The dissertation defense took place on June 15, 2023.*

*The following new and reliable results were obtained in the work:*

- The signs, forms of speech in business communication, communicative and social essence, and speech positions are determined;

- Rhetorical categories that determine the essence of speech in business communication are identified, and types of functional analysis are shown;

- Speech culture and speech ethics in business communication are identified as factors that determine the culture of communication;
- The psycho-emotional, demonstrative, significative, nominative, and cognitive (gnostic) functions of speech in business terms have been determined;
- Pragmatic and stylistic criteria for speech in business communication are defined;
- Pragmastylistic features of types of speech (oral, written, bilingual) in business communication are determined.

*2) Connection of the topics of dissertations with the directions of science development, which are formed by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 18 of the Law "On Science" and (or) state programs.*

The validity of a scientific result reflects the study of theoretical sources, review, and research of scientific literature. The content of the dissertation work corresponds to the Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated December 31, 2019, No. 1045, clause 2.1 of the state program for the implementation of language policy in the Republic of Kazakhstan for 2020-2025 Expanding the functions of the Kazakh language in the field of education and improving the culture of its use, clause 2.4 Regulation using the state language in the sphere of culture, public services, media, and business, increasing its social prestige.

*3) Analysis of the level of implementation of the results of dissertations in practice.*

The results of the study, in which theoretical and practical problems are systematized in accurate sequence, can be widely used in special courses for university students in the disciplines of business Communication," "Communicative Grammar," and "Rhetoric." The main idea of the work contributes to scientific research in pragmalinguistics, discourse, sociolinguistics, linguoculturology, linguistic stylistics, pragmastylistics, intercultural communication, and lexicology of English and Kazakh languages.

According to the dissertation of *Ismailova Fariza Kenzhegalikyzy*:

*1) analysis of the topics of the considered works;*

*Dissertation topic – "The communicative-pragmatic aspect of diplomatic discourse"*

*Specialty: 6D021300 – "Linguistics"*

*Scientific consultants – Doctor of Philology, Professor Altynay Tymbolova, Doctor of Philology, Professor Akhmet Buran*

*The defense took place on June 15, 2023.*

*The following new and reliable results were obtained in the work:*

- The diplomacy language is a language that equally uses official and journalistic styles and functions by the standards and laws of rhetoric.

- The language of K. Tokayev is the language of a professional diplomat and is an example of diplomatic eloquence. Both official style and figurative, artistic, and irrational expressions are equally encountered at international negotiations and domestic speeches of a diplomat.

- Discourse is a set of communicative actions that perform communicative functions to realize pragmatic intention. Diplomatic discourse is an integral part of institutional discourse.

- Diplomatic strategy and tactics, components of diplomatic communication, have been formed. Two tactics contribute to achieving the communicative process in diplomatic relations: the first is knowledge, that is, form, which is the principal interface between communication and dialogue

- Reconciliation is a characteristic feature of the Kazakh diplomatic discourse. As a result of studying the history of Kazakh diplomacy, it was revealed that Kazakhs are more committed to reconciliation and compromise. There are rarely disagreements. This has become a stereotype showing the diplomatic nature of states.

- Pragmatic techniques of Kazakh diplomacy: influencing the listener with a benevolent attitude (in the linguistic version - respectful treatment; in the non-linguistic version - a kind smile), achieving logical consistency, making a psychological turn, encouragement, prohibition, persuasion, reflection, psychological attack.

*2) Connection of the topics of dissertations with the directions of science development, which are formed by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 18 of the Law "On Science" and (or) state programs;*

The theoretical conclusions and results of the analysis presented in the dissertation work can be used as an aid when giving lectures on the subject of international relations, the language of Kazakh diplomacy, and discourse theory, as well as in the study of the linguistic personality of a diplomat. The research results will assist in implementing the “State Program for the Implementation of Language Policy in the Republic of Kazakhstan for 2020-2025.”

*3) Analysis of the level of implementation of the results of dissertations in practice.*

Models and results of analysis, semantic analysis of diplomatic terms, units that make up the lexical layer of the diplomatic language, collecting of oratory speech of diplomats, diplomatic paraphrases and figurative occasional expressions, diplomatic clichés and complimentary vocabulary, a list of names of diplomatic documents, names of diplomatic non-verbal means, a thesaurus of Kazakh diplomatic discourse presented during the study will make a significant contribution to enriching the vocabulary of the Kazakh language, improving the Kazakh diplomatic language, transforming the function of the official style, expanding its scope of application, and adding to the dictionary of diplomatic terms.

According to the dissertation of *Kotlyarova Irina Vasilievna*:

1) *analysis of the topics of the considered works*;

*Dissertation topic* – “Paradigmatic modeling of the development of emotional concepts of “anguish”, “sadness”, “sorrow”, “grief”

*Specialty*: 8D02314 – “Linguistics”

*Scientific consultants* – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Professor L.K. Zhanalina, Doctor of Philological Sciences, Professor N.D. Golev

*The defense took place on June 19, 2023.*

*The following new and reliable results were obtained in the work:*

– concepts and ideas of domestic and foreign scientists are systematized, in which an integrative and poly paradigmatic representation of language is developed;

– four cognitive-nominative paradigms of the concepts “anguish,” “sadness,” “sorrow,” and “grief” have been developed and described, which demonstrate a synchronous cross-section of their phylogenetic nominative and cognitive development;

– high productivity of phrase formation, cognitive incomplete isomorphism of paradigms, as well as new integrated concepts were revealed;

– Reflected metaphorical synonymy of the system of cultural codes is highlighted, framed in metaphors of living and inanimate nature based on the principle of analogy in structuring the cognitive-nominative paradigm.

2) *Connection of the topics of dissertations with the directions of science development, which are formed by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 18 of the Law "On Science" and (or) state programs*;

The research corresponds to the priority direction of the development of science, approved by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan Scientific foundations of “Mangilik El” (education of the 21st century, fundamental and applied research in the field of humanities) since currently special attention is paid to the development of an integrated, integrative approach in all areas of science.

3) *Analysis of the level of implementation of the results of dissertations in practice.*

The dissertation has practical significance, and the results obtained can be applied in practice. The main results and theoretical conclusions of the dissertation can be used in writing textbooks and teaching aids in such critical disciplines as ethnolinguistics, linguoculturology, linguoaxiology, and cognitive linguistics, taught in higher educational institutions, as well as in theoretical, practical, and seminars.

According to the dissertation of *Baysydyk Indira Bolatbekkyzy*:

1) *analysis of the topics of the considered works*;

*Dissertation topic – – “Linguocultural foundations for naming character traits”*

*Specialty: 8D02314 – “Linguistics”*

*Scientific consultants – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Professor K.B. Kuderinova, Doctor of Philological Sciences, Associate Professor Suleiman Kaan Yalchyn (Süleyman Kaan YALÇIN)*

*The defense took place on September 20, 2023.*

*The following new and reliable results were obtained in the work:*

The names of character traits in the Kazakh language were first collected and split into semantic groups: the names of character traits appreciated by the Kazakh people and not recognized by the Kazakh people were divided into lexico-semantic groups and concepts and considered in the linguoculturalological context. The novelty of the research lies in the fact that this work is an insufficiently studied or partially considered topic in Kazakh linguistics. For the first time in the research, all the names of characters in the Kazakh language (words, phrases, partial proverbs, and sayings in the regular expression form) were collected, and dimensions were determined in the Kazakh dictionary. For the first time, character names in the Kazakh language were grouped into names with a positive connotation and names with a negative connotation and counted in quantity. Concepts demonstrating a positive character in the Kazakh language were identified. Names characterizing female and male characters in the Kazakh language have been defined. In the questionnaire-based studies, character traits in the modern Kazakh everyday language were clarified, and their Russian equivalent was identified. Kazakh equivalents of Russian names of character traits that entered our language in the form of barbarism were shown. A thesaurus was compiled and collected for the first time within the framework of conceptual and lexico-semantic groups. As an appendix to the dissertation work, an explanatory dictionary of character names was offered, compiled based on the fifteen-volume “Dictionary of the Kazakh Literary Language.” To identify the typology of character names recognized and appreciated by the younger generation of the modern Kazakh language and others and to determine the possibility of using the fund of character names in the Kazakh language, a survey was organized among the Kazakh youth, mainly 18-25 years old, the answers of 500 people were analyzed, and the results were summed up.

*2) Connection of the topics of dissertations with the directions of science development, which are formed by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 18 of the Law "On Science" and (or) state programs;*

The research meets the requirements aimed at solving the problems specified in the state compulsory education standard for all levels of education and other state normative-legal documents approved by the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan in connection with the development of the education system, improving the quality of training of competitive specialists by Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On Education.”

3) *Analysis of the level of implementation of the results of dissertations in practice.*

The results of the research work can make a significant contribution to the conclusions in the development of Kazakh linguistics and linguoculturology. Greater assistance will be provided in determining the axiological values of the Kazakh people. They can also be used in studies related to lexicology, semasiology, word formation, phraseology, and paremiology of the Kazakh language. The study helps determine the quality of the vocabulary and richness of the Kazakh language, consisting of original words. It is important to assess the level of axiological values of the Kazakh people and the properties of human study, humanity, and love. A collection of character names in the Kazakh language, a definition of character names used in everyday speech, an explanatory dictionary of positive and negative character names given as an appendix, an indicator of the frequency of positive and negative character names in modern Kazakh discourse, a list of positive and negative character names can help in the inventory of vocabulary in the Kazakh language, a compilation of dictionaries.

According to the dissertation of *Koilybaeva Raushan Kuanyshovna*:

1) *analysis of the topics of the considered works;*

*Dissertation topic* – “Linguoaxiological aspect of the discourse of the Kazakh family”

*Specialty*: 8D02314 – “Linguistics”

*Scientific consultants* – M.A. Zhunis - Candidate of Philological Sciences, Nergiz Birai - Professor, PhD, Professor

*The defense took place on September 20, 2023.*

*The following new and reliable results were obtained in the work:*

– the features of family discourse and family communication are identified, taking into account the communicative aspect;

– the meaning of universal human values and national values in family discourse is determined;

– the cognitive aspect and communicative-pragmatic function were determined through utterances characteristic of Kazakh family discourse;

– as a result of a survey to determine the values characteristic of the Kazakh family discourse, its results were analyzed, and the psycholinguistic aspect of family discourse was illustrated with examples.

2) *Connection of the topics of dissertations with the directions of science development, which are formed by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 18 of the Law "On Science" and (or) state programs;*

The main idea of the study is to improve the theoretical and practical content of the fields of the anthropological paradigm of Kazakh linguistics, cognitive linguistics, discourse theory, linguoaxiology, linguoculturology, etc., making a definite contribution to the development of axiological linguistics. The main conclusions, results, and language materials of the dissertation can be used in the

training of specialists in the educational process. The results comply with the requirements aimed at solving the problems specified in the State Compulsory Standard for all levels of education, approved by the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan, and in other state regulatory documents, as well as the Law “On Education” of the Republic of Kazakhstan in connection with the development of educational systems and with the training of competitive specialists.

3) *Analysis of the level of implementation of the results of dissertations in practice.*

The results and reasoning of the study contribute to the concretization of the theoretical foundations of cognitive research in linguistics. They also help to elaborate individual theoretical justifications for the concept of discourse. The linguistic, super-linguistic nature of family discourse has been studied. The features of family discourse in the lexicosemantic and linguo-axiological aspects have been highlighted. The basic materials and theoretical conclusions of the dissertation can be used in writing textbooks and teaching aids, conducting scientific courses and seminars in higher educational institutions in such subjects as “Cognitive Linguistics,” “Discourse Theory,” “Linguoaxiology,” and “Family Discourse.”

## **5. Analysis of the work of official reviewers (with examples of the most low-quality reviews).**

Scientists who have made a significant contribution to in the fields of computer science and the informatization of education were appointed as reviewers.

The reviewers analyzed doctoral dissertations from a professional point of view. In their comments, the reviewers emphasized the theoretical and practical validity of the study results, drew consistent conclusions, and regularly provided warnings and suggestions. There were no negative reviews on these.

1. Information according to the reviewers of the dissertation Shokhaeva Karlygash Nurlanovna:

*Mankeeva Zhamal Aitkaliyevna* – Doctor of Philology, Professor, A.Baitursynuly Institute of Linguistics, Almaty (specialty code 10.02.06);

*Satkenova Zhaina Bagasharovna* – Candidate of Philological Sciences, Associate Professor, Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty (specialty code 10.02.02);

2. Information according to the reviewers of the dissertation Ismailova Fariza Kenzhegalikyzy:

*Bazarbaeva Zeynep Muslimovna* – Doctor of Philology, Professor, Academician of the Republic of Kazakhstan NAS, A.Baitursynuly Institute of Linguistics, Almaty (specialty codes 10.02.20, 10.02.06);

*Islam Aybarsha* – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Associate Professor, Ablai Khan University of International Relations and World Languages, Almaty (specialty codes 10.02.02, 10.02.19);

3. Information according to the reviewers of the dissertation Kotlyarova Irina Vasilievna:

*Ekshembeeva Lyudmila Vladimirovna* – Doctor of Philology, Professor, Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty (specialty code 10.02.01);

*Onalbaeva Aigul Tynybekovna* – Doctor of Philology, Acting Professor, Kazakh National Women's Teacher Training University, Almaty (specialty code 10.02.01);

4. Information according to the reviewers of the dissertation Baysydyk Indira Bolatbekkyzy:

*Smagulova Guldarkhan Nurgazykyzy* – Doctor of Philology, Professor, Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty (specialty code 10.02.02);

*Sagidolda Gulgaisha* – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Professor, L.N. Gumilyov Eurasian National University, Astana (specialty code 02.10.06);

5. Information according to the reviewers of the dissertation Koilybaeva Raushan Kuanyshovna:

*Alkebaeva Dina Akbergenovna* – Doctor of Philological Sciences, Professor, Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty (specialty code 10.02.02);

*Sadirova Kulzat Kanievna* – Doctor of Philology, Associate Professor, Aktobe Regional State University named after Kudaibergen Zhubanov, Aktobe (specialty code 10.02.02).

## **6. Proposals for further improvement of the system of training scientific personnel.**

- graduating departments submitting dissertations for defense should pay special attention to the quality of the research work and the documents required for defense.

## **7. The number of dissertations for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), Doctor in profile by specialty (directions of training):**

1) Dissertations accepted for defense (including doctoral students from other universities) – 5;

2) Dissertations accepted for defense (including doctoral students from other universities) – 0;

3) Dissertations withdrawn from consideration (including doctoral students from other universities) – 0;

4) Dissertations for which negative reviews were received from reviewers (including doctoral students from other universities) – 0;

5) Dissertations with a negative decision based on the results of the defense (including doctoral students from other universities) – 0;



6) Dissertations aimed at second defense (including doctoral students from other universities) – 0.

Chairman of Dissertation Council



Yessenova K.U.

Scientific secretary of Dissertation Council

Zhirenov S.A.

«31» December 2023